

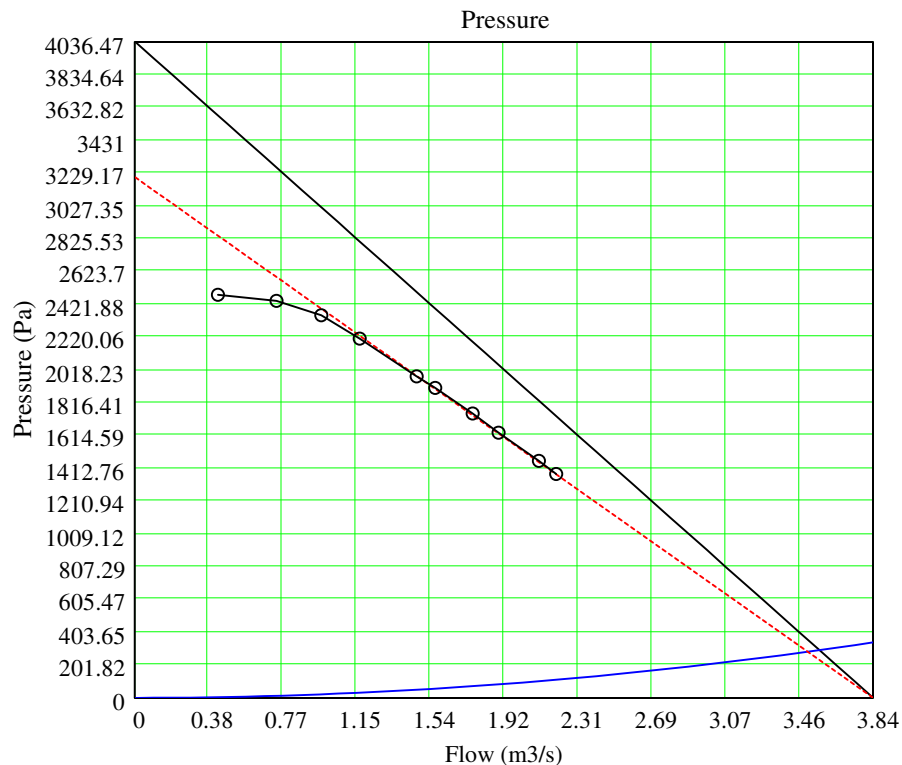
DATA FOR CALCULATING THE SPIRALFAN

$n := 1450$	Rotating speed (rpm)
$D1 := .45$	Diameter 1 at the fan (m)
$D2 := .895$	Diameter 2 at the fan (m)
$q_{max} := 3.976 \cdot \frac{n}{1500}$	Max flow thro the fan (m3/s)
$dens := 1.17$	Air densy (kg/m3)
$nv := 6$	Number of wings (st)
$k := 0.88$	Stodola slip coefficient (Varyies about 0 and 1)
END DATA	

The diagram in below shows the theory of the calculations of the spiralfan. The black circles is the measured values of the fan and the red line is the predicted pressure when it is compensated for the slip, the black line is the maximum pressure. The conclusion of this is that the effency is near 100%. I can today not explain why SPI get the effency to 90 %. The sound level proof the high effency with 72.5 db(A), and a fan who has 85 % effency have a sound level about 85 db(A) at the same surcomstances.

► Beräkningar av Spiralfläkt

pressure = 1601.20	Pressure (Pa)	$\beta_1 \cdot \frac{180}{\pi} = 35.27$	Inlet bladeangle (degrees)
Power = 3241.21	Effect (W)	$\beta_2 \cdot \frac{180}{\pi} = 19.58$	Outlet bladeangle (degrees)
Pwmax = 3264.81	qmaximum = 2.106		



The curve below shows the effect on the spiralfan when you adding the blue curve and the red curve and multiplying this with the flow. Then you got this red curve below.

